

# Procurement Sustainability Tracking Scop 3 Emissions

Driving low-carbon value chains through responsible procurement

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### Agenda

- ❖What is Sustainable Supply Chain?
- Importance of Sustainability in Supply Chain
- Evolution of Sustainability Supply Chain
- Climate Action & Scope 3 Emissions
- ❖Why Scope 3 Matters?
- ❖What are Scope 3 emission?
- Procurement's Role in Decarbonization
- ❖ Supplier Engagement Framework
- ❖ Digital Tools for Scope 3 Tracking
- Case Studies



## What is Sustainable Supply Chain

A sustainable supply chain is a supply chain that minimizes

- > environmental impact
- promotes social responsibility,
- > ensures economic efficiency

throughout every stage—from sourcing raw materials to delivering finished products and managing end-of-life disposal.

- ✓ Protects the environment
- ✓ Respects and uplifts people
- ✓ Remains economically viable
- ✓ Uses technology for transparency and efficiency
- ✓ Builds resilience for the future

## Importance of Sustainability in Supply Chain

Benefit Area	Key Impact	
<ul><li>Environment</li></ul>	Reduced carbon emissions, waste, energy use	
<ul><li>Economics</li></ul>	Cost savings, operational efficiency, innovation	
<ul><li>Risk Management</li></ul>	Compliance, resilience, reduced reputational risk	
<ul><li>Social Impact</li></ul>	Ethical sourcing, improved worker conditions	
<ul><li>Business Growth</li></ul>	Customer trust, investor confidence, market access	

Sustainability in the supply chain is no longer optional—it's a **strategic necessity**.

It enhances performance, builds resilience, meets stakeholder expectations, and prepares organizations for a low-carbon future.

## **Evolution of Sustainability Supply Chain**

Early Stage (1980s–1990s)

 Focus: Compliance & Cost Efficiency (pollution control, regulatory adherence)

Integration of Environmental Management (Late 1990s–2000s)

 Focus: ISO Standards & Operational Environmental Controls (waste and emission control)

Rise of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (2005–2015)

• Focus: Social Compliance, Ethics & Transparency

Sustainable Procurement & Circularity (2015–2020)

 Focus: Product Life Cycle (LCA), Circular Economy, Resource Efficiency

Climate Action & Scope 3 Emissions (2020–Present)

 Focus: Carbon Reduction, Science-Based Targets, Supplier Collaboration

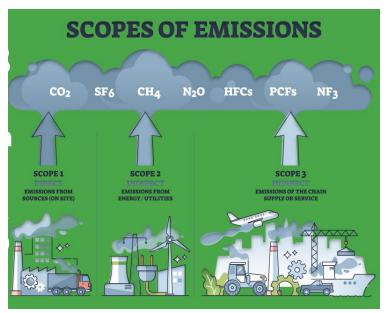
Future Stage: Regenerative & Resilient Supply Chains (Emerging)

 Focus: Beyond Neutrality → Net-positive impact, Al, digital supply chains

cost & compliance  $\rightarrow$  responsibility  $\rightarrow$  circularity  $\rightarrow$  carbon reduction  $\rightarrow$  regeneration

## Climate Action & Scope 3 Emissions (2020–Present)

- > Focus: Carbon Reduction, Science-Based Targets, Supplier Collaboration
- $\triangleright$  Most emissions lie in **Scope 3 (value chain)**  $\rightarrow$  strong focus on tracking & reduction.
- Companies are now required to map and measure emissions across multi-tier supply chains.
- ➤ Key developments:
  - Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)
  - Digital carbon tracking tools
  - Supplier decarbonization programs
- ➤ Use of digital tools, AI, and blockchain for supply chain traceability
- ➤ ESG metrics integrated into procurement decisions



### Why Scope 3 Matters

- ➤ Typically, 70–90% of a company's total emissions lie in Scope 3.
- ➤ Increasing regulatory expectations (CSRD, SEC Climate Rule, ISSB).
- ➤ Helps identify high-impact opportunities for decarbonization.
- ➤ Builds resilience and cost efficiency across the supply chain.



## What are Scope 3 Emissions?

Scope 3 emissions include indirect emissions from:

- Purchased Goods & Services (Category 1) The largest category for most organizations.
- Capital Goods (Category 2) Construction materials, machinery, infrastructure.
- Fuel- & Energy-related Activities (Category 3)
- Upstream Transportation & Distribution (Category 4)
- Waste Generated in Operations (Category 5)
- Business Travel + Employee Commuting (Categories 6 & 7)
- Downstream Emissions Product use-phase, end-of-life, distribution.

#### Procurement's Role in Decarbonization

- Embed sustainability criteria into RFPs, code of conduct and supplier scorecards.
- ➤ Use Science-Based Targets and require supplier SBTi alignment.
- Run supplier engagement programs (training, decarbonization roadmaps).
- ➤ Integrate low-carbon alternatives and circular materials.
- Partner with logistics providers to reduce transport emissions.
- ➤ Boost data transparency via digital platforms
- > Renewable procurement



## Challenges in Tracking Scope 3

- ➤ Limited supplier data availability
- ➤ Inconsistent data quality
- Lack of standardized emission factors
- ➤ Supplier capability gaps
- ➤ Absence of user-friendly tools
- ➤ Cost and resource constraints

### Supplier Engagement Framework

- > Segment suppliers based on spent and emissions impact
- ➤ Use **sustainability questionnaires** and enforce **supplier codes of conduct** with carbon requirements
- ➤ Include **contractual clauses** for emissions reporting and reduction targets
- ➤ Provide **incentives** (preferred supplier status, long-term contracts, faster invoice processing).
- ➤ Offer training, toolkits, and capacity-building support for suppliers.
- **Collaborate** on emission reduction projects
- ➤ Measure performance annually and drive continuous improvement

## Digital Tools for Scope 3 Tracking

- > ERP-integrated carbon tracking tools (SAP, Oracle, Coupa, etc.).
- ➤ Specialized sustainability platforms
  - Persefoni
  - CDP Supply Chain
  - Sustain.Life
  - EcoVadis (supplier ESG scoring)
- ➤ Lifecycle assessment (LCA) databases and emission factor libraries (OpenLCA / SimaPro)
- ➤ AI-based supply chain modeling for hotspot identification.

## Case Study: AstraZeneca - Scope 3 Emissions Strategy

#### **2030 & 2045 Climate Targets**

➤ 2030: Reduce absolute Scope 3 emissions by 50% from 2019 baseline.

➤ 2045: Achieve 90% reduction in absolute Scope 3 emissions from 2019 baseline.

#### **Supplier Engagement Program (Launched 2022)**

Introduced clear environmental requirements for all suppliers:

Annual ESG reporting via *EcoVadis*. Emissions disclosure through *CDP*. Science-based target setting aligned with *SBTi*.

Requirements formalized in "Expectations of Third Parties."

#### **Supplier Prioritization & Engagement**

- •Suppliers classified by spend and category.
- •Focus on high-spend + high-emission categories.
- •One-on-one engagement with priority suppliers.

#### **Progress & Data Quality**

- •38% of Scope 3 reporting based on actual supplier emissions data (2022).
- •Represents an 18% increase from 2019.

#### **Programmatic Communication**

•Annual **supplier conferences** to cascade expectations and sustainability goals.

## Case Study: Bayer AG - Scope 3 Emissions Strategy

**Target:** 25% reduction in Scope 3 emissions by **2029** (vs. 2019).

**Progress: 12.7% reduction** achieved by **2024**.

#### **Sustainable Procurement:**

- Integrates environmental criteria into procurement decisions.
- ➤ Prioritizes sustainability-focused suppliers.
- ➤ Strengthened Supplier Code of Conduct with decarbonization requirements.

#### **Supplier Engagement:**

- ➤ Collaborates with suppliers to reduce emissions from purchased goods & services.
- Encourages suppliers to disclose climate programs and set reduction targets.

## Case Study: Sustainability Assessment Framework – Key Steps

- Framework designed based on **UNGC guidelines** and **ISO 20400** standards
- **Digital portal developed** with support from the IT team
- **→ Questionnaire structured into 5 sections:**
- Management System
- Environment
- Health & Safety
- Human Rights (including labour rights)
- Anti-corruption
- **➤ Two types of questions:**
- Scoring questions: Yes/No (e.g., legal compliance and monitoring)
- Non-scoring questions: Multiple choice (e.g., external certifications DJSI, FTSE4Good, EcoVadis, etc.)

Supplier Sustainability Evaluation Process

#### **Pre-Audit Process**

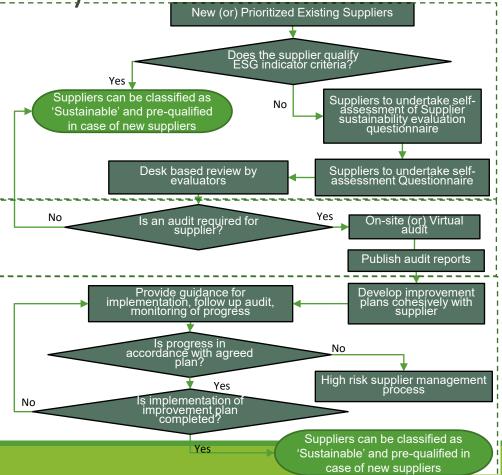
- Identification and prioritization of suppliers based on spend and risk
- Supplier qualification based on ESG criteria
- Supplier self-assessment

#### **Audit Process**

- · On-site / Virtual audit
- Publish Audit report along with findings

#### Post-Audit Process

- Agreement on Improvement plan
- Supplier engagement for completion of plan
- High risk supplier management process



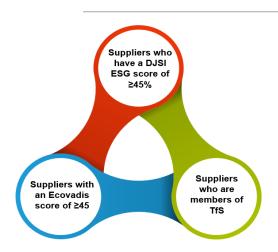
## Supplier Risk Screening and Categorization

Supplier Risk Screening Criteria	Percentage of Total Score
Leaders (Acceptable)	≥70%
Sustainable at par with industry (Conditionally Acceptable)	50% - 70%
Sensitive	≤50%

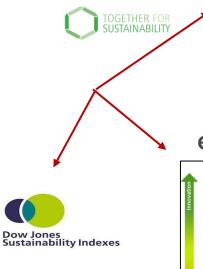
- Criteria 1: Suppliers should score above a minimum threshold stipulated for individual categories.
- Criteria 2: Supplier should comply with critical questions.

Percentage of Total Score from Supplier Assessment	Supplier Risk Rating based on Score only	Has the supplier scored above the individual category cut-off?	Does the supplier comply with the requirements of Critical questions?	Final Supplier Risk Rating
80%	Leaders (Acceptable)	Yes	Yes	Leaders (Acceptable)
80%	Leaders (Acceptable)	No	Yes	Sensitive
80%	Leaders (Acceptable)	Yes	No	Sensitive
65%	Sustainable at par with industry (Conditionally Acceptable)	Yes	Yes	Sustainable at par with industry (Conditionally Acceptable)
65%	Sustainable at par with industry (Conditionally Acceptable)	No	Yes	Sensitive
65%	Sustainable at par with industry (Conditionally Acceptable)	Yes	No	Sensitive
45%	Sensitive	Yes	Yes	Sensitive

## Sustainability Qualification based on ESG Indices



"Companies with an S&P Global ESG Score that is less than 45% of the S&P Global ESG Score of the highest scoring company in the Assessed Universe of the respective index are disqualified. Only, the remaining companies form the Eligible Universe"



*Criteria for TfS membership:* 

- Chemical company
- Member of public supported of UNGC
- Commitent to Responsible Care®
- Compliance to applicable laws
- Sustainability Ratings Ecovadis score of minimum 60

ecovadis

		CSR Performance	Likely Outcome	
Innovation	85 - 100	OUSTANDING	High Opportunity	Structured and proactive CSR approach     Policies and tangible actions on all topics with detailed implementation info     Comprehensive CSR Reporting on actions & KPIs     Innovative practices and external recognition
	65 - 84	ADVANCED	Medium Opportunity	Structured and proactive CSR approach     Policies and tangible actions on major topics with detailed implementation info     Significant CSR Reporting on actions & performance indicators
	45 - 64	CONFIRMED	Engaged	Structured and proactive CSR approach     Policies and tangible actions on major topics     Basic reporting on actions or performance indicators
	25 - 44	PARTIAL	Medium Risk	No structured CSR approach     Few engagements or tangible actions on selected topics     Partial certification or possible products with eco-labels
RISK	0 - 24	NONE	High Risk	No engagements or tangible actions regarding CSR     Evidence in certain cases of misconduct (e.g. pollution, corruption)

### Scope 3 Program

#### **Earlier Approach – Activity-Based Method:**

- ➤ Used quantifiable activity data (e.g., kg of material purchased).
- Activity data multiplied by emission factors from databases (OpenLCA, SimaPro).
- ➤ Provided reasonable estimates but relied on secondary data.

#### **Current Approach – Supplier Emissions Data:**

- ➤ Moving beyond estimates to collect actual emissions data directly from suppliers.
- Enables higher accuracy and better identification of reduction opportunities.
- ➤ Supports alignment with science-based targets and supplier decarbonization programs.

### Scope 3 Program

A climate change questionnaire is designed to collect Scope 1 & 2 emissions data.

The questionnaire is shared with suppliers through a digital portal.

Suppliers submit their emissions data via the portal.

One-to-one calls are held with suppliers to clarify data or resolve queries.

For suppliers lacking capability, a GHG calculation tool is provided along with guidance on how to estimate their emissions.

## Scope 3 Program

Code *	Field Label	Specifications	Required	Answer	Comment
		Hint: If the site conducts greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions measurements, kindly include the			
		annual values of GHG emissions - scope 1, scope 2 and scope 3 emissions in the comment			
		box.			
	Q. 1. Does your organization calculate/measure Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions?	Also, please mention the methodology used to calculate GHG emissions.			
		Suggested attachments to support answer: GHG emission calculation sheet	Yes		
		Reference links of best practices / tools:			
		https://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/scope-1-and-scope-2-inventory-guidance			
		https://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/scope-3-inventory-guidance			
		https://ghgprotocol.org/calculation-tools-and-guidance			
		http://Guidelines on Scope 3 emissions: https://pscinitiative.org/resource?resource=779			
	Q. 2. Has your manufacturing site done scope 3 emission assessment associated with your	<b>Hint:</b> If yes, please describe methodology used for the assessment in comments section.			
	key supplies?		Yes		
	key supplies:	Reference Links: https://pscinitiative.org/resource?resource=779			
	Q. 3. Has your site implemented program to control fugitive emissions from process vents?	Hint: If yes, please mention details in comment box.	Yes		
		Hint: If the GHG emissions are verified by a third party, please provide details of the verifying			
		organization and the corresponding verification certificate.			
	Q. 4. Are your GHG emissions verified by third party?	Suggested attachments to support answer: Verification document	Yes		

## Thank you

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